FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Fruitvale Independent School District Name of School District

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's report of the above named school district was reviewed and _____ approved/ _____ disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2023, at a meeting of the board of school trustees of such school district on ______ December 14, 2023

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

Van Zandt County

234-909 Co.-Dist. Number FINANCIAL SECTION

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Fruitvale Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fruitvale Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fruitvale Independent School District as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charges with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and other post-employment benefit activities be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including standards generally accepted in the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information section of exhibits presented in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rutherford, Taylor & Canpany PL

December 5, 2023 Greenville, Texas

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Members of the Board Fruitvale Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fruitvale Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rutherford, Taylor & Canpany PL

December 5, 2023 Greenville, Texas

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board Fruitvale Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Fruitvale Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud, or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate,

it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance – Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rutherford, Taylor & Canyany PL

December 5, 2023 Greenville, Texas

Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements –	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified Opinion
Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material Weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted	None
Federal Awards –	
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None None reported
	None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified Opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance	None
Identification of major programs	Education Stabilization Fund Cluster: ESSER – II (84.425d) ESSER – III (84.425u) ESSER – III – TCLAS (84.425u) ESSER – II – Homeless (84.425w)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 750,000
Entity qualified as a low risk auditee	Yes
Pass-through Entity	Texas Education Agency

Financial Finding (Section II)

Federal Award Findings and Questions Costs (Section III)

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)

Corrective Action Plans (Section V)

This section of Fruitvale Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$ 5,464,120 at August 31, 2023.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 1,125,758, less than the \$ 8,220,623 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 4,384,686, a decrease of \$ 26,430 over the previous year.
- The District issued no new debt during the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary

information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

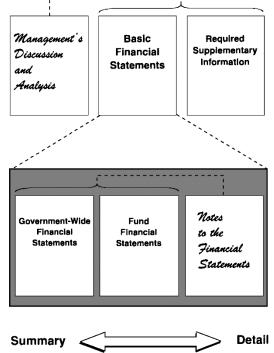


Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fund Statements Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
<u>rype of Sudements .</u> Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the	both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds de not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The two government-wide statements

report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the
assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a
separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial
statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$ 5,464,120 at August 31, 2023.

					Table A-1
Fruitvale Indepe	ndent S	chool District	's No	et Position	
					Total
		Govern	ment	al	Percentage
		Activ	ities		Change
		2023		2022	2022-2023
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	4,531,021	\$	4,237,848	6.9%
Other Assets		760,710		928,427	-18.1%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		7,813,119		7,310,626	6.9%
Total Assets	\$	13,104,850	\$	12,476,901	5.0%
Total Deferred Net Outflows of Resources	\$	1,989,107	\$	1,080,238	84.1%
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	610,480	\$	475,882	28.3%
Long-term Liabilities		5,139,606		4,499,815	14.2%
Total Liabilities	\$	5,750,086	\$	4,975,697	15.6%
Total Deferred Net Inflows of Resources	\$	3,879,751	\$	4,243,080	-8.6%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,113,548	\$	5,435,031	12.5%
Restricted		179,494		182,532	-1.7%
Unrestricted		(828,922)		(1,279,201)	35.2%
Total Net Position	\$	5,464,120	\$	4,338,362	25.9%

The District has restricted \$ 38,908 to represent funds held for debt retirement. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The District's total revenues were \$ 8,220,623. Approximately 11% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 86% comes from state aid and federal grants, while 3% relates to charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues including investment earnings.

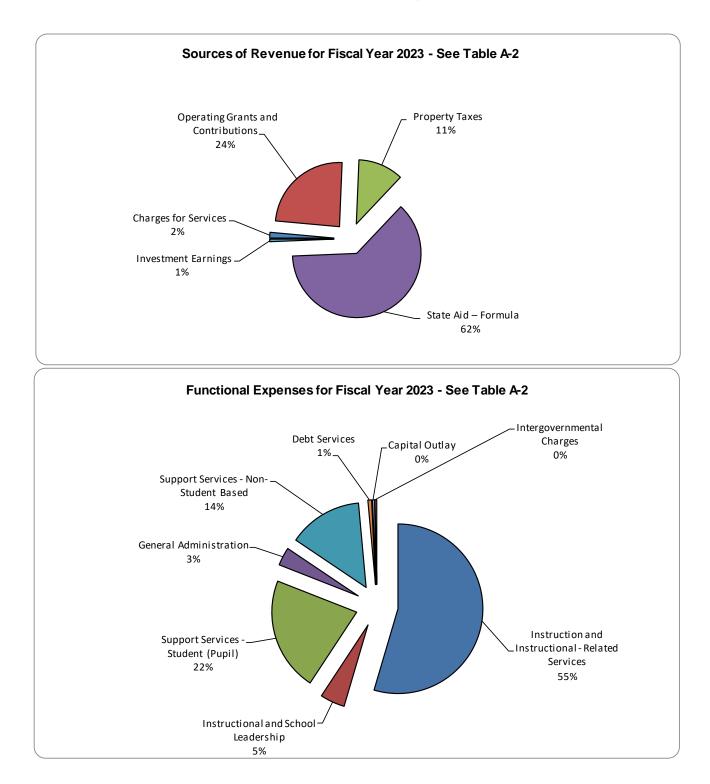
The total cost of all programs and services was \$7,094,865. 55% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 96.98%. The total tax collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 99.26%.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

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					Table A-2
Changes in Fruitvale Independe	nt School Distric	t' s Net Pos Gover Act	Total Percentage Change		
		2023	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	2022	2022-2023
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	117,959	\$	98,368	19.92%
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,984,954		1,800,999	10.21%
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes		933,123		754,068	23.75%
State Aid – Formula		5,107,553		5,252,633	-2.76%
Investment Earnings		53,478		13,776	288.20%
Miscellaneous		23,556		4,906	380.15%
Total Revenues	\$	8,220,623	\$	7,924,750	3.73%
Expenses: Instruction	\$	3,724,204	\$	3,659,186	1.78%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	φ	3,724,204 41,070	φ	51,472	-20.21%
		105,318		90,042	-20.21%
Curriculum and Staff Development School Leadership		333,760		90,042 326,027	2.37%
					25.53%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		312,303		248,785	
Health Services		96,162		77,881	23.47%
Student Transportation		186,577		215,246	-13.32%
Food Services		435,051		387,152	12.37%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		509,601		346,568	47.04%
General Administration		246,704		314,728	-21.61%
Facilities Maintenance and Operations		589,595		562,691	4.78%
Security and Monitoring Services		149,103		53,839	176.94%
Data Processing Services		262,932		210,072	25.16%
Debt Service		50,640		56,976	-11.12%
Capital Outlay		28,945		715	100.00%
Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		5,106		28,983	-82.38%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	<u> </u>	17,794		15,086	17.95%
Total Expenses	\$	7,094,865	\$	6,645,449	6.76%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,			~		
Uses and Transfers	\$	1,125,758	\$	1,279,201	-12.00%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		1,125,758	\$	1,279,201	-12.00%
Net Position - Beginning (September 1)	\$	4,338,362	\$	3,064,691	41.56%
Prior Period Adjustment	<u> </u>	-	-	(5,530)	100.00%
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated		4,338,362	\$	3,059,161	100.00%
Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$	5,464,120	\$	4,338,362	25.95%



- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 7,094,865.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$ 933,123,
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$ 117,959, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 1,984,954.

Fruitvale Independent School District's Net Cost of Selected District Functions									
	Total Cost of Services		%	Net Cost of	Net Cost of Services				
	2023	2022	Change	2023	2022	Change			
Instruction	\$ 3,724,204	\$ 3,659,186	1.78%	\$ 2,795,437	\$ 2,732,767	2.29%			
School Leadership	333,760	326,027	2.37%	268,048	285,217	-6.02%			
General Administration	246,704	314,728	-21.61%	229,355	299,642	-23.46%			
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	589,595	562,691	4.78%	551,290	522,379	5.53%			
Debt Service	50,640	56,976	-11.12%	(6,023)	(21,181)	-71.56%			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's fund equity in the governmental funds totaled \$ 4,586,690.

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$ 8,458,320 which is an increase of \$ 195,977 from the prior year total of \$ 8,262,343. The increase is representative of the increase in state aid related to the implementation of HB3 and federal grant funds related to pandemic learning loss.

Expenditures of governmental fund types totaled \$ 8,492,933 which is an increase of \$ 229,137 from the prior year total of \$ 8,263,796. The increase relates to the additional compensation resulting from the adoption of HB3 as well as other operating costs. The District continues to make facility expansions and improvements which helped to increase the current year expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 1,642,343 below final General Fund budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from less than anticipated costs in the facilities maintenance and operations and capital outlay functional categories.

Resources available were \$ 355,986 above the final General Fund budgeted amount. The favorable variance was primarily due to better than anticipated state aid related to enrollment and attendance as well as better than expected federal program revenues.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year end, the District had invested \$ 13,784,542 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Fruitvale Independ	ent School I	District's Cap	ital A	assets	Table A-4
		Governme	ntol /	Activition	Percentage
		2023	ental F	2022	Change 2022-2023
Land	\$	141,350	\$	141,350	0.00%
Construction in Progress		1,306,542		805,726	62.16%
Buildings and Improvements		10,585,672		10,573,772	0.11%
Vehicles		1,083,357		909,510	19.11%
Equipment		667,621		522,080	27.88%
Right of Use Lease Assets		-		112,075	-100.00%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	13,784,542	\$	13,064,513	5.51%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(6,071,423)		(5,752,992)	5.54%
Net Capital Assets	\$	7,713,119	\$	7,311,521	5.49%

DEBT

At year end, the District had \$ 1,699,571 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Fruitvale Independent School District's Debt								
					Total			
Governmental								
		Activities						
		2023		2022	2022-2023			
Bonds Payable	\$	1,585,000	\$	1,700,000	-6.76%			
Direct Borrowings Payable		17,597		43,499	-59.55%			
Right of Use Lease Payable		-		27,469	-100.00%			
Unamortized Bond Premium (Discount)		96,974		104,627	-7.31%			
Total Debt Payable	\$	1,699,571	\$	1,875,595	-9.38%			

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has continued to increase as economic conditions have improved following the Covid pandemic. This has provided stable tax revenues to the District. Local property tax rates for maintenance and operations are restricted by statute to \$.97, without local elections. In prior years, the State Legislature passed House Bill 2 (HB2) which included various changes to the property tax rate structure limiting school districts' opportunities for tax modifications and compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. During the latest special session of the Texas Legislature, the bodies passed Senate Bill 2 (SB2) which provides a mandatory increase in the homestead exemption to \$100,000. This exemption is to be put into effect after a constitutional election slated for November 2023. If the measure is approved, tax revenues will be reduced. This and additional changes required under SB2 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2023 - 2025 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased but the tax rate compression and expanded homestead exemption will reduce the local effort for revenues. This reduction is to be funded by the State in its annual foundation support. With these changes in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be fairly stable, as indicated by property value increases in prior years. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Rebecca Bain, Superintendent of the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

			1
Data			
Control		G	overnmental
Codes	-		Activities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	4,531,021
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		54,205
1240	Due from Other Governments		694,733
1290	Other Receivables, Net		11,772
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		141,350
1520	Building and Improvements, Net		5,654,475
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		710,752
1580	Construction in Progress		1,306,542
1000	Total Assets	\$	13,104,850
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	\$	1,140,657
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		848,450
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,989,107
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	74,945
2140	Interest Payable		16,570
2165	Accrued Liabilities		347,108
2300	Unearned Revenue		171,857
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		132,597
2502	Due in more than one year		1,566,974
2540	Net Pension Liability		2,112,583
2545	Net OPEB Liability		1,327,452
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	5,750,086
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	180,112
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		3,699,639
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,879,751
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,113,548
	Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and State Programs		120,359
3850	Debt Service		38,908
3890	Other Programs		20,227
3900	Unrestricted		(828,922)
3000	Total Net Position	_\$	5,464,120

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	ŤE	ARE	NDED AUGUS	1 31, 2	2023				
			1		3 Brogram	Pore	4	Re C	: (Expense) evenue and hanges in
Data					Program			IN	et Position
Data Cont	1			~	Non-		Operating Grants and	0	overnmental
Code				C	Charges for Services		ontributions		Activities
Coue	E Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services				ACIMILES
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	3,724,204	\$	8,910	\$	919,857	\$	(2,795,437)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		41,070		-		2,434		(38,636)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		105,318		-		54,118		(51,200)
23	School Leadership		333,760		-		65,712		(268,048)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		312,303		-		176,619		(135,684)
33	Health Services		96,162		-		82,349		(13,813)
34	Student Transportation		186,577		-		9,093		(177,484)
35	Food Services		435,051		58,883		378,057		1,889
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		509,601		50,166		27,199		(432,236)
41	General Administration		246,704		-		17,349		(229,355)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		589,595		-		38,305		(551,290)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		149,103		-		75,443		(73,660)
53	Data Processing Services		262,932		-		79,774		(183,158)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		49,640		-		56,663		7,023
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		1,000		-		-		(1,000)
81	Capital Outlay		28,945		-		1,680		(27,265)
93	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		5,106		-		302		(4,804)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		17,794		-		-		(17,794)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,094,865	\$	117,959	\$	1,984,954	\$	(4,991,952)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	7,094,865	\$	117,959	\$	1,984,954	\$	(4,991,952)
	,	<u> </u>	· · ·		·		· · ·		
		Gen	eral Revenues:						
MT		Pro	operty Taxes, L	evied f	for General Pur	pose		\$	812,923
DT		Pro	operty Taxes, L	evied f	for Debt Service)			120,200
IE		Inv	estment Earnir	igs					53,478
GC		Gra	ants and Contri	bution	s Not Restricte	d to S	pecific Program	าร	5,107,553
MI			scellaneous						23,556
TR		Tot	al General Rev	enues				\$	6,117,710
CN		Ch	ange in Net Po	sition				\$	1,125,758
NB			Position - Begi		(September 1)				4,338,362
NE		Net	Position - Endi	ng (Au	gust 31)			\$	5,464,120

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

		10				98		
Data					Other	Total		
Control	I		General	Gov	vernmental	Governmental		
Codes	_		Fund	Funds			Funds	
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	4,345,755	\$	108,058	\$	4,453,813	
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		48,170		6,035		54,205	
1240	Due from Other Governments		501,649		193,084		694,733	
1290	Other Receivables		4,614		7,158		11,772	
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,900,188	\$	314,335	\$	5,214,523	
	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	53,916	\$	747	\$	54,663	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	Ψ	271,790	Ψ	64,104	Ψ	335,894	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		5,579		5,635		11,214	
2300	Unearned Revenues		136,047		35,810		171,857	
2000			100,011		00,010		111,001	
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	467,332	\$	106,296	\$	573,628	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2610	Deferred Property Tax Revenue	\$	48,170	\$	6,035	\$	54,205	
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	48,170	\$	6,035	\$	54,205	
	FUND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balances:							
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants		-		120,358		120,358	
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		49,443		49,443	
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		-		22,500		22,500	
	Committed Fund Balances:							
3510	Construction		2,250,000		-		2,250,000	
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		260,000		-		260,000	
3540	Self -Insurance		400,000		-		400,000	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		9,703		9,703	
3600	Unassigned		1,474,686		-		1,474,686	
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	4,384,686	\$	202,004	\$	4,586,690	
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,900,188	\$	314,335	\$	5,214,523	

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2023

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)	\$ 4,586,690
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	7,813,119
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	54,205
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNA.	56,926
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,585,000)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(16,570)
Payables for direct borrowings which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(17,597)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(2,112,583)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(180,112)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	1,140,657
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(96,974)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(1,327,452)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	(3,699,639)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	 848,450
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 5,464,120

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

			10				98
Data					Other		Total
Control			General	Go	overnmental	Go	overnmental
Codes			Fund		Funds		Funds
	-						
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	905,284	\$	219,892	\$	1,125,176
5800	State Program Revenues		5,425,497		351,201		5,776,698
5900	Federal Program Revenues		316,636		1,239,810		1,556,446
5020	Total Revenues	\$	6,647,417	\$	1,810,903	\$	8,458,320
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	\$	3,288,273	\$	651,336	\$	3,939,609
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		36,120		-		36,120
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		72,304		49,559		121,863
0023	School Leadership		328,685		43,446		372,131
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		219,684		136,529		356,213
0033	Health Services		60,133		50,229		110,362
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		310,050		-		310,050
0035	Food Services		843		450,304		451,147
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		516,899		35,094		551,993
0041	General Administration		270,352		-		270,352
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		634,198		96,674		730,872
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		95,284		69,048		164,332
0053	Data Processing Services		227,055		64,592		291,647
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		53,372		115,000		168,372
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,650		56,275		57,925
0073	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees		-		1,000		1,000
0081	Capital Outlay		536,045		-		536,045
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		5,106		-		5,106
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		17,794		-		17,794
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	6,673,847	\$	1,819,086	\$	8,492,933
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
	Expenditures	\$	(26,430)	\$	(8,183)	\$	(34,613)
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(26,430)	\$	(8,183)	\$	(34,613)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (September 1)		4,411,116		210,187		4,621,303
		*		^	· · · ·	*	
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (August 31)	\$	4,384,686	\$	202,004	\$	4,586,690

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (34,613)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	932,999
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(430,506)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	3,641
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	7,653
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	115,000
Repayment of right of use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expensie in the SOA	27,469
Repayment of direct borrowing principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA	25,902
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period.	633
The net revenue (expense) of internal sevice funds is reported with governmental activities.	21,197
OPEB expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	555,257
OPEB contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outlows.	50,378
OPEB contributions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(45,535)
Pension expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(132,327)
Pension contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	194,660
Pension contributions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	 (166,050)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 1,125,758

Exhibit D-1

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	_	Internal Service Fund	
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 77,208	
1000	Total Assets	\$ 77,208	
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 20,282	
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 20,282	
	NET POSITION		
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 56,926	
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 56,926	

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes		Internal Service Fund	
	OPERATING REVENUES		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	37,275
5020	Total Revenues	\$	37,275
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6400	Other Operating Costs	\$	16,077
6030	Total Expenses	\$	16,077
1200	Change in Net Position	\$	21,198
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning (September 1)		35,728
3000	Total Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$	56,926

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Internal Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts for Quasi - external Interfund Transfers Cash Receipts from Interest Cash Payments for Claims Cash Payments for Administration / Reinsurance	\$	37,272 2 (2,045) (14,035)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	21,194
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities: NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: NONE		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	21,194
Cash and Investments - Beginning (September 1)		56,014
Cash and Investments - Ending (August 31)	\$	77,208
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	21,198
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Liability		(4)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	21,194

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	_	-	Custodial Fund Student Activites	
	ASSETS			
1110	Cash and Investments	-	\$	42,218
1000	Total Assets	-	\$	42,218
	LIABILITIES			
	Current Liabilities:			
2110	Accounts Payable	-	\$	-
2000	Total Liabilities	-	\$	-
	NET POSITION			
	Restricted for:			
3490	Student Groups	-	\$	42,218
3000	Total Net Position	=	\$	42,218

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control Codes	_	Custodial Fund Student Activites	
	ADDITIONS		
5700	Fundraising Activites	\$	59,527
5020	Total Additions	\$	59,527
	DEDUCTIONS		
6400	Group Activities	\$	60,967
6030	Total Deductions	\$	60,967
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	(1,440)
0100	Net Position, Beginning (September 1)		43,658
3000	Net Position, Ending (August 31)	\$	42,218

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Fruitvale Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

- 2. Basis of Presentation Basis of Accounting
 - a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self-insured workers compensation.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund Special Revenue Fund Debt Service Fund	\$	-0- -0- -0-
Total	<u>\$</u>	-0-

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable of principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

	General	Other Governmental	Total
Restricted			
Child Nutrition Program	-	82,611	82,611
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-	49,443	49,443
Summer Feeding Program	-	37,747	37,747
Bobcat Supplies	-	75	75
Miscellaneous	-	2,107	2,107
Scholarships	-	20,318	20,318
Committed			
Campus Activity Funds	-	9,703	9,703
Construction	2,250,000	-	2,250,000
Capital Expenditures	260,000	-	260,000
Self Insurance	400,000	-	400,000
Unassigned	1,474,686		1,474,686
Totals	\$ 4,384,686	\$ 202,004	\$ 4,586,690

Inventories

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment, and food products. Under this method, supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

Right of Use Assets and Liabilities

GASB Statement 87, *Leases* created new financial statement accounts "Right of Use" assets and similar offsetting liabilities. A "right of use" asset accounts for the net present value of future payments attached to a leased asset. Common examples of "Right of Use" assets are copiers, printers, and other types of equipment that the District does not take ownership of but uses under the lease agreement. The assets value will be amortized over the life of the lease using a straight line method. The liability offsetting the "Right of Use" is presented as lease payable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements created new financial statement assets and offsetting liabilities. A SBITA asset accounts for the net present value of future payments required for right of use subscription assets. To the extent relevant, the standards for SIBTA's are based on the standards established by GASB Statement 87, Leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right of use of another party's information technology (software) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The asset will be amortized over the life of the contract allowing the use of the information technology over a straight line method. The asset is included in the financial statement caption right of use asset with the offsetting liability identified as SBITA payable.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not returned as liabilities.

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior year adjustment.

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is paid.

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued various new accounting standards to better meet the information needed for users of financial statements by improving accounting and financial reporting. The GASB does this by issuing statements that cover various issues identified as needing additional clarification or direction to maintain standardization and comparability of financial information. During the year, the GASB issued no new standards. The following statements with varying effective dates noted are to be implemented in the coming periods:

Statement 99: Omnibus 2023 (Effective upon issuance with some effective FY beginning after June 15, 2023)

Statement 100: Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2023)

Statement 101: Compensated Absences (Effective FY beginning after December 15, 2023)

14. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

15. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities, and Investments</u>

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that is complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in TexPool and Lone Star, which are local government investment pools. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	Fair Value/ Amoritized Costs	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Governmental Activites: Investments TexPool	\$ 1	37
Lone Star Investment Pool	3,483,696	18
Total	\$ 3,483,697	=

Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has a different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

Texas Local Government Investment Pool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the PFIA, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; However, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at <u>www.ttstc.org</u>.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$ 4,971,381 and occurred in March 2023. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combine balance on deposit was \$ 6,215,000. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 342,100. City National Bank, Sulphur Springs, Texas is the District's depository.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments, this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting this criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 0.942900 to fund general operations and \$ 0.139900 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 86,435,815 The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 20% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	I	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 141,350	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 141,350
Construction in Progress	 804,831	501,711		-	1,306,542
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 946,181	\$ 501,711	\$	-	\$ 1,447,892
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 10,573,772	\$ 11,900	\$	-	\$ 10,585,672
Vehicles	909,510	173,847		-	1,083,357
Equipment	522,080	145,541		-	667,621
Right of Use Lease Assets	 112,075	-		112,075	-
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	\$ 12,117,437	\$ 331,288	\$	112,075	\$ 12,336,650
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 4,717,983	\$ 313,214	\$	-	\$ 5,031,197
Vehicles	662,177	63,769		-	725,946
Equipment	284,300	29,980		-	314,280
Right of Use Lease Assets	 88,532	23,543		112,075	-
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 5,752,992	\$ 430,506	\$	112,075	\$ 6,071,423
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	\$ 6,364,445	\$ (99,218)	\$	-	\$ 6,265,227
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,310,626	\$ 402,493	\$	-	\$ 7,713,119

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 227,712
Instructional Resources and Media Services	8,243
School Leadership	4,748
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,288
Health Services	888
Student (Pupil) Transportation	61,099
Food Services	37,012
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	55,834
General Administration	3,111
Plant Maintenance and Operations	15,347
Security	 15,224
Total	\$ 430,506

E. Long Term Obligations

Long Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases		De	ecreases	Ending Balances	-	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Right of Use Lease Payable Direct Borrowings Payable	\$ 1,700,000 27,469 43,499	\$ -	-	\$	115,000 27,469 25,902	\$ 1,585,000 - 17,597	\$	115,000 - 17,597
Unamoritized Premium (Bonds)	 104,627	 -	-		7,653	96,974		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,875,595	\$ -	-	\$	176,024	\$ 1,699,571	\$	132,597

<u>Bonds</u>

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Balance	Outstanding Balances		
Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2016	2.2279% 2.7116%	\$ 940,000 1,500,000	\$ 330,000 1,255,000		
Totals			\$ 1,585,000		

E. Long Term Obligations (Continued)

Year Ending				Total
August 31	 Principal	Interest		Requirements
2024	\$ 115,000	\$ 52,275	\$	167,275
2025	115,000	48,175		163,175
2026	85,000	44,587		129,587
2027	85,000	41,613		126,613
2028	40,000	39,325		79,325
2029-2033	225,000	171,113		396,113
2034-2038	275,000	127,805		402,805
2039-2043	330,000	78,813		408,813
2044-2048	 315,000	21,044		336,044
Totals	\$ 1,585,000	\$ 624,750	\$	2,209,750

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year end.

Direct Borrowings

The District issued various agreements identified here as direct borrowings. These loans include financing arrangements including maintenance tax notes.

Loan terms require annual principal and interest payments over the life of the direct borrowings. The direct borrowings is for 10 years, with final payment due in 2024.

The following schedule lists the outstanding direct borrowings at year end:

			C	Driginal		
	Interest	Maturity	F	roperty	Out	tstanding
Description	Rate Date		Value		Balance	
SECO Grant Loan CL-281- Energy Management	0.25%	08/31/2024	\$	43,296	\$	5,459
SECO Grant Loan CL-282- Energy Management	0.25%	08/31/2024		96,258		12,138
					\$	17,597

Maturity requirement on the direct borrowings at year end are as follows:

					Total
Principal Interest				Re	quirements
\$	17,597	\$	28	\$	17,625
\$	17,597	\$	28	\$	17,625
	\$	\$ 17,597	\$ 17,597 \$	\$ 17,597 \$ 28	\$ 17,597 \$ 28 \$

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about.publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2022 ACFR for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2022, and 2021.

Net Pension Liability		2022	2021			
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	243,553,045,455 (184,185,617,196)	\$	227,273,463,630 (201,807,002,496)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	59,367,428,259	\$	25,466,461,134		
Net Position as percentage of net Pension Liability		75.62%		88.79%		

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the TRS's actuary.

In May 2020, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers, and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2020. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$ 2,000, whichever was less.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code, Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates				
	2022		2023	
Member	8.00%		8.00%	
Non-Employer Entity (State)	7.75%		8.00%	
Employers	7.75%		8.00%	
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$	194,660	
Current Year Member Contributions		\$	343,069	
Measurement Period NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	218,426	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025 on all covered payroll.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 31, 2022	3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax- exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in Projection	·
Period (100 years)	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For full description of these assumption please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2020 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2021 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension pan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

		Long -Term	Expected
	Target	Expected	Contribution to Long
	Allocation	Geometric Real	Term Portfolio
Asset Class	%**	Rate of Return***	Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-US Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity*	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00%)	3.60%	(0.05%)
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag****			(0.91%)
Expected Return	100%		8.19%

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

** Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model.

*** Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2022)

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 - percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Dis	scount Rate	19	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,286,378	\$	2,112,583	\$	1,161,167

7. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$ 2.112,583 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,112,583
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	2,778,953
Total	\$ 4,891,536

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0035584882%, which was an increase of 0.0005204600% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Pension Expense

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 564,013 and revenue of \$ 265,636 for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of the system's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at year end:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$	30,632	\$	46,058	
Changes of actuarial assumptions		393,643		98,107	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		208,716		-	
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		313,006		35,947	
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$	945,997	\$	180,112	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		194,660			
Total as of fiscal year end	\$	1,140,657	\$	180,112	

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31	Amount
2024	\$ 181,278
2025	123,823
2026	87,711
2027	305,535
2028	67,537
Thereafter	1

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group health insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed un Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <u>http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx</u>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2022, and 2021 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	2022		2022		 2021
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	27,061,942,520 (3,117,937,218)	\$ 41,113,711,083 (2,539,242,470)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	23,944,005,302	\$ 38,574,468,613		
Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		11.52%	6.18%		

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the table below:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
	Em	oloyer	Em	ployee
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135 529	\$	200 689
Retiree and Spouse Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		529 468		689 408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer (public school) contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the State Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contribution rates and amounts provided to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2021	 2022
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$ 50,378
Current Year MemberContributions		\$ 28,516
Measurement Period NECE On-Behalf Contribution:		\$ 55,546

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation Salary Increases

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using scale BB. The past retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022 Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age- adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for Non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutory required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB Liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31. 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds.

6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the net OPEB liability as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1% less than the rate used.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,565,171	\$ 1,327,452	\$ 1,134,869

7. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.5%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

		Curre	nt Healthcare		
	1% Decrease	Cos	t Trend Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,093,826	\$	1,327,452	\$	1,630,317

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 1,327,452 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,327,452	
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 1,619,283	
Total	\$ 2.946.735	

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB Liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0055439835%, which was an increase of 0.0007466590% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changed to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as pf August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

OPEB Expense

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$ (739,511) and revenue of \$ (229,789) for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources at year:

	 ed Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	\$ 73,802 202,197 3,954	\$ 1,105,886 922,234 -
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 518,119	 1,671,519
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$ 798,072	\$ 3,699,639
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 50,378	 -
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 848,450	\$ 3,699,639

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31	Amount
2024	\$ (660,947)
2025	(660,935)
2026	(604,642)
2027	(528,431)
2028	(192,618)
Thereafter	(253,994)

H. <u>Medicare Part D Coverage</u>

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 21,515, \$ 16,246, and \$ 15,942 respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

I. <u>Risk Management</u>

Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 275 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Fruitvale Independent School District and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas are available for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records

Workers Compensation

The District participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$ 20,067 for the 22-23 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$ 11,728 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims administration is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$ 225,000. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$ 20,180 includes \$ 6,592 of incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

I. Risk Management (Continued)

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the years of 2023 and 2022 are represented below:

	 2023	 2022
Claims Payable - Beginning	\$ 20,111	\$ 14,721
Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimate	2,113	13,462
Claim Payments	 (2,044)	 (8,072)
Claims Payable - Ending	\$ 20,180	\$ 20,111

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the current year, the fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2023, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. Litigation

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of August 31, 2023.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

The effects of the coronavirus-19 (COVID-19) pandemic continues to affect the District's operations including funding for student attendance and operating programs and cost. Continued funding allowances including additional federal funding will cease in future periods. The operational costs associated with these additional revenues will be evaluated along with the need for these services. The cost of the additional federal funded programs may exceed the available resources and require the District to either eliminate or curtail their existence

L. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after August 31, 2023 up through December 5, 2023, the date the financial statements were issued.

M. <u>Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources</u>

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate in the District's major funds and aggregate non major funds consisting of the following:

				Other	
		General	Go	vernmental	Totals
Property Tax Collections	\$	810,192	\$	119,289	\$ 929,481
Investment Income		53,164		316	53,480
Food Service Income		-		58,882	58,882
Donations		10,000		2,000	12,000
Insurance Recovery		1,457		-	1,457
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		19,672		39,405	59,077
Other		10,799		-	10,799
	_				
Totals	\$	905,284	\$	219,892	\$ 1,125,176
	_				

N. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

			Other	
	 General	Go	overnmental	Totals
Due from Other Governments	\$ 501,649	\$	193,084	\$ 694,733
Property Taxes Receivable	53,522		6,706	60,228
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible				
Property Taxes	(5,352)		(671)	(6,023)
Other	 4,614		7,158	11,772
Net Receivables	\$ 554,433	\$	206,277	\$ 760,710

O. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	A	vailable	F	oundation	 IFA			
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) August Instructional Days Change Prior Period Settle-ups	\$	236,140 (7,496) -	\$	4,865,231 37,792 (24,114)	\$ 56,663 - -		Not Eligible	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$	228,644	\$	4,878,909	\$ 56,663	\$		-
Financial Statement Classifications: August Instructional Days Receivable SOF Receivable (Overpayment) *	\$	12,837 -	\$	488,812 (136,047)	\$ - (27,853)	\$		-

* Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

P. <u>Compliance, Stewardship and Accountability</u>

Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations at functional expenditure levels:

	E	Budget	A	ctual	I Excess					
General Fund:										
Food Service	\$	-	\$	843	\$	843				
Debt Services		26,203		55,022	28,819					

Q. Change in Accounting Principle

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, with an effective date of fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2022 This required the District to implement the provisions of the Statement during the year. The Statement requires the recognition of longer than 12 month agreements to utilize other types of subscription based technology As such there are new financial statement captions on the government wide financial statements. For the fund financial statements, the net present value of the payments is recognized as an expenditure in the initial year of the agreement with subsequent payments represented as debt retirement payments. The Statement requires retroactive restatement of assets and liabilities with the difference modifying the beginning net position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	YEAR	ENDED A	UGUST 31, 20	023					
Data									riance with nal Budget
Control			Budgete	d A mou	nte			FI	Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
			onginai				rotaa		logailt 0)
F700	REV ENUES	¢	950 044	\$	860.044	¢	005 284	¢	25 242
5700 5800	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	859,941 5,219,990	Φ	869,941 5,219,990	\$	905,284 5,425,497	\$	35,343 205,507
5900	Federal Program Revenues		201,500		201,500		316,636		115,136
5020	Total Revenues	\$	6,281,431	\$	6,291,431	\$	6,647,417	\$	355,986
			-, - , -	<u> </u>	-, - , -	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>	,
	EXPENDITURES								
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction	\$	3,436,106	\$	3,448,692	\$	3,288,273	\$	160,419
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		71,320		50,034		36,120		13,914
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		98,819		98,819		72,304		26,515
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	3,606,245	\$	3,597,545	\$	3,396,697	\$	200,848
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership	\$	365,725	\$	365,725	\$	328,685	\$	37,040
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	365,725	\$	365,725	\$	328,685	\$	37,040
	Support Services - Student:								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$	243,071	\$	243,071	\$	219,684	\$	23,387
0033	Health Services	Ŷ	62,358	Ŷ	62,358	Ŷ	60,133	Ŷ	2,225
0034	Student Transportation		188,157		459,657		310,050		149,607
0034	Food Service		100,107		439,037		843		(843)
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		420,668		591,358		516,899		74,459
0000									
	Total Support Services - Student	\$	914,254	\$	1,356,444	\$	1,107,609	\$	248,835
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration	\$	319,809	\$	319,809	\$	270,352	\$	49,457
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	319,809	\$	319,809	\$	270,352	\$	49,457
	Support Convision Nonotudent Decedu								
0054	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:	¢	050 700	¢	055 300	¢	624.400	¢	204 004
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	\$	658,799	\$	955,799	\$	634,198	\$	321,601
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		128,203		182,203		95,284		86,919
0053	Data Processing Services		238,561		238,561		227,055		11,506
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$	1,025,563	\$	1,376,563	\$	956,537	\$	420,026
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	\$	17,560	\$	25,909	\$	53,372	\$	(27,463)
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		73		294		1,650		(1,356)
	Total Debt Service	\$	17,633	\$	26,203	\$	55,022	\$	(28,819)
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay	\$	_	\$	1,235,000	\$	536,045	\$	698,955
0081									
	Total Capital Outlay	\$		\$	1,235,000	\$	536,045	\$	698,955
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements	\$	20,900	\$	20,900	\$	5,106	\$	15,794
0099	Other Intergovermental Charges		18,000		18,000		17,794		206
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$	38,900	\$	38,900	\$	22,900	\$	16,000
			,				,		,
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	6,288,129	\$	8,316,189	\$	6,673,847	\$	1,642,342
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(6,698)	\$	(2,024,758)	\$	(26,430)	\$	1,998,328
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(6,698)	\$	(2,024,758)	\$	(26,430)	\$	1,998,328
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	_	4,411,116		4,411,116		4,411,116		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	4,404,418	\$	2,386,358	\$	4,384,686	\$	1,998,328
		<u> </u>	.,,	<u>+</u>	_,,	-	.,,	<u> </u>	.,,

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

		2022*		2021*		2020*		2019*		2018*		2017*	·	2016*		2015*		2014*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0035584882%	0.0	030380282%	0.0	027133848%	0.0	026377663%	0.0	026098428%	0.0	030221366%	0.00	29900670%	0.0	029952000%	0.0	0017655000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,112,583	\$	773,678	\$	1,453,234	\$	1,371,193	\$	1,436,521	\$	966,316	\$	1,129,902	\$	1,058,763	\$	471,589
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		2,778,953		1,326,209		2,735,143		2,339,306		2,345,911		1,335,158		1,681,173		1,800,376		1,477,900
Total	\$	4,891,536	\$	2,099,887	\$	4,188,377	\$	3,710,499	\$	3,782,432	\$	2,301,474	\$	2,811,075	\$	2,859,139	\$	1,949,489
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	4,059,160	\$	3,793,456	\$	3,407,010	\$	3,104,193	\$	2,741,154	\$	2,603,216	\$	2,603,216	\$	2,830,362	\$	2,568,400
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		52.04%		20.40%		42.65%		44.17%		52.41%		37.12%		43.40%		37.41%		18.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68

Exhibit G-2

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	 2023	2022		2021		2020		2019		 2018	 2017		2016	2015	
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	\$ 194,660 (194,660)	\$	166,050 (166,050)	\$	129,647 (129,647)	\$	111,955 (111,955)	\$	91,818 (91,818)	\$ 88, 188 (88, 188)	\$ 99,048 (99,048)	\$	93,968 (93,968)	\$	86,813 (86,813)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 4,288,366	\$	4,059,160	\$	3,793,456	\$	3,407,010	\$	3,104,193	\$ 2,741,154	\$ 2,577,320	\$	2,603,216	\$	2,830,362
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.54%		4.09%		3.42%		3.29%		2.96%	3.22%	3.84%		3.61%		3.07%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

Exhibit G-3

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

		2022*		2021*		2020*		2019*		2018*		2017 *
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0	0055439835%	0.0	0047973245%	0.0	0048546853%	0.0	045636102%	0.0	049491411%	0.0	104296756%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,327,452	\$	1,850,542	\$	1,845,485	\$	2,158,189	\$	2,471,151	\$	4,535,475
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		1,619,283		2,479,314		2,479,890		2,867,748		2,259,648		1,927,939
Total	\$	2,946,735	\$	4,329,856	\$	4,325,375	\$	5,025,937	\$	4,730,799	\$	6,463,414
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	4,059,160	\$	3,793,456	\$	3,407,010	\$	3,104,193	\$	2,741,154	\$	2,603,216
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		32.70%		48.78%		54.17%		69.52%		90.15%		174.23%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 50,378	\$ 45,535	\$ 37,478	\$ 38,899	\$ 32,033	\$ 34,142
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (50,378)	 (45,535)	 (37,478)	 (38,899)	 (32,033)	 (34,142)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 4,288,366	\$ 4,059,160	\$ 3,793,456	\$ 3,407,010	\$ 3,104,193	\$ 2,741,154
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1.17%	1.12%	0.99%	1.08%	1.03%	1.25%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. <u>Budget</u>

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

Actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year net pension liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

C. <u>OPEB Healthcare Plan</u>

1. <u>Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date</u>

The single discount rate changed from 1.95% as of last year to 3.91% at August 31, 2022. Lower participation rates and updates to the health care trend rate assumptions were also factors then decreased the District's proportion of the total OPEB liability.

2. <u>Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date</u>

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

		1	2	3	10	20		30	30a	40	50
Tax		Tax R	ates	Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current				Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Years		Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's		Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
Year	Ended August 31	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	9/1/2022	Total Levy	Т	ax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	8/31/2023
xxxx	2014 and Prior	Various	Various	Various	\$ 1,018	\$	- 9	\$ 102	\$-	\$ (415)	\$ 501
2014	2015	1.170000	0.000000	52,660,536	1,055		-	225	-	-	830
2015	2016	1.170000	0.000000	44,426,689	1,623		-	241	-	-	1,382
2016	2017	1.170000	0.000000	45,995,632	1,984		-	176	-	(478)	1,330
2017	2018	1.170000	0.090000	43,917,528	5,956		-	2,351	181	(515)	2,909
2018	2019	1.170000	0.090000	47,021,984	5,917		-	922	71	(133)	4,791
2019	2020	1.068300	0.132000	50,815,200	6,540		-	1,458	180	640	5,542
2020	2021	0.997700	0.147400	56,989,807	11,375		-	701	104	(1,185)	9,385
2021	2022	0.960300	0.139900	67,698,957	20,715		-	6,940	1,011	(2,967)	9,797
2022	2023	0.942900	0.139900	86,435,815	-	935,92	27	777,619	115,377	(19,170)	23,761
1000	TOTALS			=	\$ 56,183	\$ 935,92	27	\$ 790,735	\$ 116,924	\$ (24,223)	\$ 60,228

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Contro			Budgetec	l Amouni	ts			Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final	Actual			legative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	45.319	\$	45.319	\$	58.882	\$	13,563
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	11,414	Ψ	11,414	Ψ	10,513	Ψ	(901)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		341,625		422,125	_	375,022		(47,103)
5020	Total Revenues	\$	398,358	\$	478,858	\$	444,417	\$	(34,441)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services	\$	398,358	\$	484,458	\$	450,304	\$	34,154
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	398,358	\$	484,458	\$	450,304	\$	34,154
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	398,358	\$	484,458	\$	450,304	\$	34,154
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(5,600)	\$	(5,887)	\$	(287)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(5,600)	\$	(5,887)	\$	(287)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)		88,498		88,498		88,498		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	88,498	\$	82,898	\$	82,611	\$	(287)

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FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Contro	l	Budgeted	l Amount:	6			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes	;	 Original		Final	Actual		(N	legative)
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 104,825	\$	104,825	\$	119,427	\$	14,602
5800	State Program Revenues	 67,550		67,550		56,663		(10,887)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 172,375	\$	172,375	\$	176,090	\$	3,715
	EXPENDITURES							
	Debt Service:							
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 115,000	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	-
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	56,275		56,275		56,275		-
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees	 1,100		1,100		1,000		100
	Total Debt Service	\$ 172,375	\$	172,375	\$	172,275	\$	100
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 172,375	\$	172,375	\$	172,275	\$	100
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$		\$	3,815	\$	3,815
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,815	\$	3,815
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	 45,628		45,628		45,628		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$ 45,628	\$	45,628	\$	49,443	\$	3,815

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		<u>Response</u>
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and / other sources information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments). Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the shool district is considered to have been inssued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school districts fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school districts property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO STATE MANDATED PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		<u>R</u> e	esponse_
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	405,078
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	195,946
	Section B: Billingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's		Yes
AP6	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	10,545
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PIC's 25, 35)	\$	5,917

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal ALN Number	(02A) Pass-Through Grantor Identifying Number	(03) Expenditures, Indirect Costs and Refunds		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:					
ESSA Title VI Part B - Rural & Low Income Schools <i>Total ALN 84.358</i>	84.358b	S358A223649	\$ 25,784 25,784		
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs <i>Total ALN 84.010</i>	84.010a 84.010a	24610101234909 23610101234909	828 118,113 118,941		
IDEA - B Formula - B IDEA - B Formula - B IDEA - B Formula - ARP - B <i>Total ALN 84.027</i>	84.027a 84.027a 84.027x	246600012349096600 236600012349096600 225350012349095350	8,251 79,683 87,934		
IDEA - B Preschool - B IDEA - B Preschool - B <i>Total ALN 84.173</i>	84.173a 84.173a	246610012349096610 236610012349096610	223 1,942 2,165		
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Education ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Education <i>Total ALN 84.367</i>	84.367a 84.367a	24694501234909 23694501234909	1,837 16,338 18,175		
Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief - II - C* Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief - II - Homeless* Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief - III - C* Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief - III - TCLAS - C* <i>Total ALN 84.425</i>	84.425d 84.425w 84.425u 84.425u	21521001234909 21533002234909 21528001234909 21528042234909	268,253 1,962 220,372 111,199 601,786		
ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement <i>Total ALN 84.424</i>	84.424a 84.424a	24680101234909 23680101234909	1,063 8,940 10,003		
Passed through Texas Education Agency			864,788		
Total Department of Education			864,788		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:					
School Breakfast Program -A National School Lunch Program - A NSLP- Pandemic Electronic Benefit Reimnbursement USDA - Commodities Delivery Reimbursement NSLP - Supply Chain Assistance Grant - A USDA Commodity Food Distribution	10.553 10.555 10.542 10.560 10.555 10.565	01106 01106 01106 01106 01106 01106	100,811 221,167 628 3,052 19,698 29,666		
Total Department of Agriculture			375,022		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,239,810		
* Denotes Major Program A - Child Nutrition Cluster - Total Cluster - \$ 341,676 B - Special Education Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 90,099 C - Education Stablization Fund Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 599,824					

FRUITVALE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal activity of the Fruitvale Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

B. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds which are governmental fund types. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

C. <u>Food Distribution</u>

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and used. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at June 30, 2023.

D. Indirect Cost

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

E. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 1,239,810
Head Start - ESC Region VII	57,000
School Health and Related Services	259,636
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 1,556,446